

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Ribonuclease A from bovine pancreas

Art.-Nr. 34388

Product description:

General	RNase A is an endoribonuclease that attacks at the 3'-phosphate of a pyrimidine nucleotide. The sequence of pG-pG-pC-pA-pG will be cleaved to give pG-pG-pCp and A-pG. The highest activity is exhibited with ssRNA ¹ .
Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Activity: min. 80 Kunitz units/mg*• Purity: min. 90 % (ion exchange chromatography)• Free of detectable DNase and protease activity, not necessary to heat before use• Salt free, chromatographically homogeneous lyophilisate• Molecular weight (Mr): ca. 13700 (monomer)• Isoelectric point (pI): 9.6• Optimal pH: 7.0 (activity range 6 - 10)
Stability and storage	<p>RNase A is an extremely stable enzyme, remarkable resistant to heating. It readily renatures following treatment with most denaturing agents.</p> <p>The lyophilisate should be stored at +2 °C to +8 °C. Prepare stock solutions in TE buffer and store in aliquots at -20 °C.</p>
Application	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Plasmid and genomic DNA preparation• Removal of RNA from recombinant protein preparations.• Ribonuclease protection assays• Mapping single-base mutations in DNA or RNA
Inhibition/ Inactivation	Ribonuclease inhibitor, vanadylribonucleoside complexes, arabinonucleosides, Zn ²⁺ , Cu ²⁺ , penicillin, vitamin B12, SDS, DEPC, 4 M guanidinium thiocyanate plus 0.1 M 2-mercaptoethanol. Most polyanions have an inhibitory effect. Inactivated by phenol/chloroform extraction.
Reaction conditions	<p>Working concentration: 1 – 100 µg/ml (depending on application)</p> <p>The enzyme is active under a wide range of reaction conditions. At low salt concentrations (0 to 100 mM NaCl), RNase cleaves ss and dsRNA as well the RNA strand in RNA-DNA hybrids. At NaCl concentrations of 0.3 M or higher, RNase A specifically cleaves ssRNA².</p>

*Unit definition: 1 U is that amount of activity which is capable of causing within 1 minute a decrease in absorbance at 300 nm equivalent to the maximum possible change in a 0.05 % solution of yeast RNA at 25 °C, pH 5.0.

¹Burell, M.M., Enzymes of Molecular Biology, Vol. 16, 263 – 270 (1993).

²Asubel, f. M., et al., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, vol. 1, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Brooklyn, NY, 3.13.1, 1994 - 2005

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